

USAWC-SSI

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THE CHINA EFFECT: RETHINKING DEVELOPMENT IN LATIN AMERICA AND THE CARIBBEAN

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Overall Briefing: UNCLASSIFIED



China in Latin America & Great Power Competition Some Questions:

- Focus on "opportunities" and "risks" from "China" and "Great Power Competition" miss the point?
- Applicability of "Dependency theory"?
- Effects from evolution of <u>China's</u> advance--limited and accelerated by new US policy direction
- Global Dynamics: Is <u>US</u> being outmaneuvered by <u>China</u>?
 - Economic sectors, technology, political/institutional...
- Will there be an economic or military "fight"?

Global Trends Shaping China's Impact on Latin America (1)

- PRC economy survives through party control levers, despite stresses
 - Demographic/unemployment + healthcare + Education + Pollution + Minorities
- Trade selectively expands (purchase of foodstuffs, strategic minerals, sale of advanced tech (including EVs), services (digital, construction, artificial intelligence)
 - But bad prices, contract terms, PRC-based companies capture most value added
- Increasing <u>PRC</u> dominance of "connectivity"
 - Ports and maritime logistics, other transportation, electrical, digital, financial?
- PRC "decoupling" increases its resiliency, indigenous technology (e.g. chips)
- Renewed "trade war" → interruptions
- Military limits on Xi? (purge of 9 generals incl. CMC ViceChair He Weidong→Zhang Youxia)
- PRC ↑ dominance of key global industries:
 - EV and new energy sector (accelerated by <u>US</u> ceding terrain in tech and markets
 - Digital: PRC advance and standards: Huawei components, contracts → Data centers
 - Little western competition / counteroffer + ↓ LATAM incentive to avoid PRC
 - AI: PRC progress + investment & coordination + open-source strategy + chips access?

Global Trends Shaping China's Impact on Latin America (2)

- ↑ PRC Intelligence capability: (Political + Commercial; Access + coercion potential)
 - † quality + † coordination?
 - People-to-people (GCI); ↑ disillusionment w <u>Trump</u>, ↑ digital access (incl. quantum?)
- ↑ Military capability: ↑ quantity, ↑ quality, ↑ unmanned systems; space capability
 - Limited by <u>PRC</u> cautiousness with <u>Trump</u> Pressures
- † PRC-based companies' global presence & sophistication
 - Learning, coordination/legal + <u>US</u> cedes market/investment space.
- ↑ PRC global posture: Cautious increasing dominance of multilateral institutional space
 - Global Governance Initiative + Global Security Initiative)
 - Accelerated by <u>US</u> cession of terrain in "democracy," "soft power," "institutional space
 - Weakening of <u>US</u> alliances (e.g. <u>NATO</u>, <u>Quad</u>, <u>AUKUS</u>, <u>South Korea</u>, <u>Japan</u>)
 - PRC advance limited by mistrust of government and companies + problems (<u>BRICS</u>)
 - Action x <u>Taiwan</u>? → Strategically transformational (even without conflict)
 - Blockade vs invasion→"Surrender" if US won't "protect"?

Impacts Specific to Latin America (1)

- Some economic benefits:
 - † Agricultural exports (but little value added)
 - † Mining and petroleum exports († investment, but value added to PRC companies)
 - Infrastructure modernization (but implementation problems, best use of local capital?)
 - Selective technology modernization (but <u>PRC</u> company controlled, government and company information risks + negative effects on democracy & individual protections)
- PRC companies control ↑ portion of critical industries (digital, clean electric, etc.)
 - Including "lock-in" effect from market dominance + coordination + standards
- Dwindling freedom to position self for "best deal" or resist PRC companies & influence
 - Suppression of select discourses (eg. PRC company performance)
 - Including International: PRC record on Hong Kong, South China Sea, Uighurs
 - Power of "expectation of *benefit*: Market access + local partnerships + "personal"
 - ↑ PRC leverage from "People-to-People" activities ("Global Civilization Initiative"):
 - Scholarships (including "private"), trips to <u>PRC</u>, "<u>United Front</u>" engagement with Congress friendship committees, local Chambers of Commerce), "Police Stations"

Impacts Specific to Latin America (2)

- † PRC digital access to government deliberation (political, technology, personal)
- Erosion of Latin American democracy
 - Alternative to <u>Western</u> government & institutional pressures (<u>Venezuela</u>, <u>Nicaragua</u>)
 - "Example" of PRC in Latin American discourse: Security, efficiency, modernity
 - Implementation of <u>PRC</u> technology favors government power, surveillance, survivability of <u>authoritarian models</u> over democracy
 - † vulnerability of individual (privacy, discourse)
- Impact on Latin America & Caribbean of an Indopacific conflict
 - Possibility of significant economic disruption (commercial logistics, finance)
 - Caribbean: Observation/interruption of US warships & supply ship transits
 - Panama Canal closure
 - PRC military exploitation of <u>space</u> (against US satellites, <u>PRC</u> FOBS)
 - PRC military exploitation of ports: Chancay, Corinto/Central America
 - PRC use of migration corridors (e.g. <u>Mexico</u>) by <u>PRC</u> agents to <u>penetrate US</u>





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